

EET 101: MACROECONOMICS THEORY I

DATE: SCHOOL BASED

TIME:

INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. Answer Question ONE and any other TWO questions
- 2. Do not write on the question paper.

QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY)

a)	Macro	Macroeconomic models are simplified explanations or theories of how the economy works.		
	Discus	as the importance of economic models.	(6 marks)	
b)	Write short notes on the following methods of measuring national income			
	i.	Income approach	(2 marks)	
	ii.	Expenditure approach	(2 marks)	
	iii.	Output approach	(2 marks)	
c)	Discus	ss the properties and functions of money.	(8 marks)	
d)	Discus	ss the permanent income hypothesis of consumption.	(4 marks)	
e)	Given a closed economy equilibrium $Y=C+I$ where $C=a +bY$ and $I=I_0$			
	i.	Derive the equilibrium income (\underline{Y})	(3 marks)	
	ii.	Suppose the autonomous investment increases by ΔI , derive the	investment	
		multiplier	(3 marks)	
QUES	TION	TWO (20 MARKS)		
a)	With a	id of graphs discuss the factors that shift IS curve.	(8 marks)	
b)	Unemployment is a major challenge in African economies. Discuss at least four causes o			
	unemp	ployment and suggest possible remedies.	(12 marks)	

QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

- a) There is consumption at zero income because consumption also depends on other factors.
 Discuss at least four other determinants of consumption. (8 marks)
- b) Given the following information:

 $\label{eq:market} \begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Money market} \\ \mbox{Money demand: (M/P) } d = L(Y, r) = 50 + 0.8Y - r \\ \mbox{Money supply MS/P} = 80 \\ \mbox{Goods market} \\ \mbox{Households} & C = 320 + 0.8Y^d \quad Y^d = Y \text{-}T \\ \mbox{Firms} & I = 40 - 40r \\ \mbox{Government} & G = 80 \\ \mbox{Taxes} & T = 50 \end{array}$

Where L(Y,r) represents the demand for real money balances in this economy, MS/P represents the real money supply set by the central bank.

- i. Derive the equation for LM curve. (4 marks)
- ii. Derive the equation for IS curve. (4 marks)
- iii. Compute the equilibrium values of Y (income) and r (interest rate) in this economy.

(4 marks)

QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

a)	Discuss at least six the difficulties encountered in national income accounting.	(6 marks)
b)	Differentiate between fixed and flexible exchange rate.	(4 marks)
c)	Discuss determinants of investment expenditure.	(10 marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

a) Is per capita income a good measure of material well being of the people? Discuss.

(6 marks) b) Explain the following concepts used in macroeconomics. i. Multiplier (2 marks) ii. Macroeconomic model (2 marks) Marginal propensity to consume (2 marks) iii. iv. Gross Domestic Product (2 marks) c) Discuss the causes of cost push inflation. (6 marks)