

INSTRUCTIONS;

Answer Question one and ANY TWO other questions.

QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

a)	Differentiate between:		
	i.	The law of demand and the law of supply	(2 marks)
	ii.	Absolute advantage and comparative advantage	(2 marks)
	iii.	Vertical integration and horizontal integration	(2 marks)
	iv.	Merchant middlemen and agent middlemen	(2 marks)
b)	Sta	te three facilitating functions of an agricultural marketing system	(3 marks)
c)	Classify agricultural markets using the following dimensions		
	i.	Number of commodities	(2 marks)
	ii.	Geographical location	(3 marks)
d)	Expound on three factors that have been associated with poor performance of agricultural		
	marketing cooperatives in Kenya (6 marks)		
e)	Describe with examples from Kenya:		
	i.	Perfectly competitive markets	(3 marks)
	ii.	Imperfect markets	(5 marks)

QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

- a) Describe four elements of a marketing mix (8 marks)
- b) Explain why an agribusiness firm should manage its marketing macroenvironment (12 marks)

QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

- a) Maziwa Farm has been buying milk from individual dairy farmers for processing. Suppose the farmers organize themselves into producer groups and are contracted by Maziwa Ltd to supply them with milk. Explain five potential benefits of this marketing arrangement (10 marks)
- b) You have just developed a new sausage product. Using an appropriate illustration, explain life cycle your product is likely to go through (10 marks)

QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

- a) Expound on four goals of the World Trade Organization (8 marks)
- b) Setting minimum commodity prices by the government is good for maize marketing in Kenya.
 Critique this statement. (12 marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

- a) Explain five reasons Kenya has not exported some her agricultural products. (10 marks)
- b) Demand for tomatoes in Kenya will not change over the next 20 years. Critique this statement (10 marks)