

DATE:

TIME:

INSTRUCTIONS:

Answer Question <u>ONE</u> and any other <u>TWO</u> Questions.

1.	a)	Briefly explain the FOUR phases of a project life cycle.	(4 marks)
	b)	Describe the steps you may follow in planning a project.	(10 marks)
	c)	Describe a Work Breakdown Structure and the relationships among t	he subunits.
			(10 marks)
	d)	When planning the time dimension in a project, there are different to	ools used to
		display the relationships. Outline two of them.	(6
		marks)	
2.	a)	Differentiate between project monitoring and project evaluation.	(4 marks)
	b)	With the use of a sketch, describe the CPM/PERT network.	(8 marks)
	c) A good monitoring and evaluation system consists of four interlia		arts. Clearly
		outline these parts,	(8 marks)
3.	a)	Explain with examples, the meaning of a baseline study.	(4 marks)
	b)	Explain THREE circumstances under which project evaluation can be carried out.	
			(6 marks)

- c) Before attempting to use or know about project management tools, the project's information must be assembled in a certain way. It includes a basic description of the preceding steps. Outline these pre project activities. (10 marks)
- 4. a) Discuss the main questions you would advise a project manager to raise when planning costs, scheduling manpower and machine time. (10 marks)
 - b) Explain any FIVE guidelines you would give to a project manager when he is negotiating for materials, supplies and services. (10

marks)

- 5. Projects in general are carried out under difficult circumstances involving many different people for many different reasons and all sorts of resources are necessary. Expectations
- from all stakeholders are usually high and differences are bound to arise. Discuss with relevant examples common sources of differences in managing a public project. (20

marks)