



MACHAKOS UNIVERSITY

University Examinations for 2021/2022 Academic Year

SCHOOL OF BUSINESS AND ECONOMICS

DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMICS

SECOND YEAR SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR

BACHELOR OF ECONOMICS & STATISTICS

BACHELOR OF ECONOMICS AND FINANCE

BACHELOR OF COMMERCE

BACHELOR OF EDUCATION

BACHELOR OF ECONOMICS

EET 200: MICROECONOMICS THEORY II

DATE:

TIME:

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer Question **ONE** and any other **TWO** questions

QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY) (30 MARKS)

- a) State whether the following statements are True or False. (5 marks)
- i) If a monopolistic firm was making subnormal profits in the short run, it would make normal profits in the long run.
 - ii) Short run cost curve is derived from expansion path.
 - iii) An increase in income would pivot the budget line to left.
 - iv) Perfectly competitive market attains equilibrium when MRS is equal to marginal cost.
 - v) Feasible set is a set of all combinations of inputs and outputs that comprise a technically feasible way to produce.
- b) Using relevant diagram explain how price is determined in a perfectly competition. (6 marks)
- c) Distinguish between strong axioms of revealed preferences and weak axioms of revealed preferences. (6 marks)
- d) Using a diagram explain why a rational producer would produce at stage two of production. (5 marks)

- e) Consider the consumer's utility function and budget constraint $U(X_1X_2) = X_1^{0.5}X_2^{0.5}$ and $P_1X_1 + P_2X_2 = M$ respectively. Derive the consumer's Marshallian demand functions. (8 marks)

QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

- a) Consumer preferences are characterized axiomatically. Explain any four axioms of consumer preferences. (8 marks)
- b) One method of constrained profit maximization is minimization of cost given the output level. Suppose XYZ firm's production and cost functions are given as, $Q(X_1X_2) = X_1^3X_2^3$ and $C = W_1X_1 + W_2X_2$ respectively. Derive the conditional factor demands for X_1 and X_2 . (8 marks)
- c) Explain any four assumptions of diminishing marginal returns. (4 marks)

QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

- a) A monopolist has the following demand functions for two segmented markets and cost function.

$$Q_1 = 64 - 0.8P_1 \qquad Q_2 = 36 - 0.2P_2 \qquad C = 100 + 80Q$$

Required;

- i) Calculate the maximum output and price of each market and the optimal profit of the monopolist. (9 marks)
- ii) Verify whether the output maximizes profit. (3 marks)
- b) Explain any four features of isoquants and their implications. (8 marks)

QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

- a) The profit maximization problem of the firm is given as: $\max Pf(X_1X_2) - W_1X_1 - W_2X_2$. Suppose that $Q = (fX_1X_2)$ is given as $X_1^\alpha X_2^\beta$. Derive the output supply function of the firm. (8 marks)
- b) Explain the four building blocks in any model of consumer choice. (8 marks)
- c) Distinguish between indifference curve approach and neoclassical theory of utility. (4 marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

- a) Using a well labeled diagram, discuss income effect & substitution effect of a price decrease of a normal good. (8 marks)
- b) What is economics of scale? Using any Cobb Douglas function discuss the rules of returns to scale. (6 marks)
- c) Explain any three types of monopolistic price discrimination. (6 marks)